ENGLISH

This section contains 22 questions. The time allotted is 20 minutes.

The following section contains three types of questions: Sentence Completion, Restatement and Reading Comprehension. Each question is followed by four possible responses. Choose the response **which best answers the question** and mark its number in the appropriate place on the answer sheet.

Sentence Completions (Questions 1-8)

This part consists of sentences with a word or words missing in each. For each question, choose the answer **which best completes the sentence**.

- 1. In 1910, geologist George Becker _____ the earth's age to be between 50 and 70 million years.
 - (1) memorized
 - (2) estimated
 - (3) conducted
 - (4) attached
- 2. The online program in management launched by the Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad in January 2017 received an _____ response: within three months, more than 2,000 people expressed interest in registering for it.
 - (1) amateur
 - (2) enthusiastic
 - (3) ignorant
 - (4) obedient

3. Queen Liliuokalani, the last reigning _____ of Hawaii, died on November 11, 1917.

- (1) peasant
- (2) sibling
- (3) nomad
- (4) monarch

4. Once a powerful city-state, Carthage is today _____ a suburb of the city of Tunis.

- (1) urgently
- (2) gradually
- (3) initially
- (4) merely

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- 5. Commercial airline pilots are particularly <u>cataracts because their eyes are exposed</u> to dangerous amounts of radiation.
 - (1) stunned by
 - (2) skilled with
 - (3) prone to
 - (4) fond of
- **6.** People often <u>discomfort for the sake of etiquette</u>.
 - (1) revive
 - (2) endure
 - (3) exploit
 - (4) redeem
- 7. Archaeologists have _____ a 2,000-year-old medical kit from a shipwreck off the coast of Tuscany.
 - (1) salvaged
 - (2) funded
 - (3) outlawed
 - (4) hindered
- 8. The Miao people of southeast Asia wear embroidered garments that tell the stories of their ancestors in _____.
 - (1) thread
 - (2) half
 - (3) range
 - (4) paste

Restatements (Questions 9-12)

This part consists of several sentences, each followed by four possible ways of restating the main idea of that sentence in different words. For each question, choose the one restatement **which best expresses the meaning of the original sentence**.

- 9. The insecticide pyrethrum is derived from the chrysanthemum flower.
 - (1) Chrysanthemums are among the flowers that contain pyrethrum.
 - (2) Chrysanthemums are the source of pyrethrum.
 - (3) Pyrethrum is often used to make chrysanthemums grow better.
 - (4) Pyrethrum is used to protect chrysanthemums from insects.
- **10.** The U.S. flag is generally referred to as the Stars and Stripes.
 - (1) The U.S. flag was originally known as the Stars and Stripes.
 - (2) The name Stars and Stripes refers to the design of the U.S. flag.
 - (3) The U.S. flag is usually called the Stars and Stripes.
 - (4) The formal name for the U.S. flag is the Stars and Stripes.
- **11.** The war dispatches of foreign correspondent Richard Harding Davis were colorful and dramatic, frequently at the expense of accuracy.
 - (1) Davis was one of the first foreign correspondents to show that war dispatches could be colorful and dramatic as well as factually correct.
 - (2) Davis's war dispatches were exciting and full of interesting details but did not always report the facts correctly.
 - (3) Davis was an excellent foreign correspondent, but his war dispatches were overly dramatic and inaccurate.
 - (4) Davis's war dispatches were not only accurate, but also colorful and informative.
- **12.** The great Renaissance painter Titian remained unrivaled until his final years.
 - (1) In his final years, Titian came to be regarded as the greatest painter of his time.
 - (2) Titian was one of the last great Renaissance painters.
 - (3) Only at the end of Titian's life did other painters of comparable status emerge.
 - (4) By the end of his career, Titian was admired by most of his fellow painters.

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Reading Comprehension

This part consists of two passages, each followed by several related questions. For each question, **choose the most appropriate answer based on the text**.

Text I (Questions 13-17)

- In the 15th and 16th centuries, a time known as the Age of Exploration, numerous ships set out from Europe in search of new lands. Life was extremely difficult for the sailors on these ships. Those who managed to survive stormy seas and pirate attacks still had to contend with crowded, dirty living conditions and limited access to fresh food and water. Many sailors became sick and died, most often from a disease known as scurvy.
- In 1747, James Lind, a doctor in the British Royal Navy, experimented with various cures for scurvy. He selected six pairs of sailors suffering from the disease and gave each pair a different treatment: apple cider; sulphuric acid; vinegar; seawater; a
 (10) combination of garlic, mustard, and horseradish; and oranges and lemons. The sailors who received oranges and lemons experienced a remarkable recovery, while the others showed little or no improvement. Although the benefits of citrus fruit had been known for centuries, Lind was the first to systematically test and prove their effectiveness as a treatment for scurvy. In 1753, he published *A Treatise of the Scurvy* and in 1757, *An*(15) *Essay on the Most Effectual Means of Preserving the Health of Seamen in the Royal Navy*. Though it took another forty years, the Royal Navy eventually required ships to carry a supply of lime juice. With this, the navy succeeded in eradicating scurvy from its ships.
- Even though Lind knew that citrus fruit could prevent and cure scurvy, he did not (20) know why. It was not until the 1930s that scientists discovered the "anti-scurvy factor" in food and named it vitamin C.

Questions

13. The main purpose of the second paragraph is to -

- (1) describe Lind's experiment and its outcome
- (2) discuss the benefits of citrus fruit
- (3) explain why it took forty years to cure scurvy
- (4) compare different treatments for scurvy

- **14.** In line 11, "the others" refers to those who -
 - (1) had the most severe cases of scurvy
 - (2) did not recover at all
 - (3) were given apple cider
 - (4) were not given citrus fruits

15. It can be inferred from the second paragraph that all of the following are citrus fruits <u>except</u> -

- (1) oranges
- (2) lemons
- (3) limes
- (4) apples

16. Which of the following statements <u>cannot</u> be inferred from the last paragraph?

- (1) Citrus fruit contains vitamin C.
- (2) Vitamin C can prevent scurvy.
- (3) Lind discovered vitamin C.
- (4) Vitamin C was identified in the 1930s.
- 17. The main purpose of the text is to discuss -
 - (1) a disease affecting sailors
 - (2) the dietary benefits of vitamin C
 - (3) life on board ship during the Age of Exploration
 - (4) James Lind's discovery of a cure for scurvy

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(10)

(15)

(20)

(25)

Text II (Questions 18-22)

The word "coach" was first used at Oxford University around 1830 to refer to a tutor assigned to help a student prepare for exams. The term came to denote those individuals responsible for preparing athletes both physically and mentally for competition. At the beginning of the 21st century, a new kind of coach appeared on the scene: one who helps people achieve their personal goals.

Life coaches, as they are known, are sought out by people who are dissatisfied with their careers, relationships, or some other aspect of their lives. Unlike a traditional psychoanalyst, a life coach does not delve into the client's background in order to heal the wounds of the past. Instead, the coach suggests to the client concrete measures that focus on the here and now. The story of Karen Underhill is a case in point. She disliked her job as an administrator but was afraid she lacked the qualifications needed to find new employment. Together with her life coach, she mapped out a plan for returning to college, securing financial aid, and obtaining internships in communications and education. Underhill credits her life coach with giving her the strategies and confidence that enabled her to land a more fulfilling position as an outreach and training specialist.

There is growing openness to this approach in the mental health professions. Psychologists, social workers, and counselors are starting to acknowledge the merit of some of its principles and methodologies. McLean Hospital, near Boston, has even opened its own Institute of Coaching, headed by a psychologist who is also a professor at Harvard Medical School.

Nevertheless, many remain skeptical about life coaching, pointing out its disadvantages and even its dangers. Foremost among these is the fact that there are currently no national accreditation requirements, as there are for mental health professionals. Because life coaches are not trained to recognize or treat mental illness, they may fail to address the real reason for the client's distress and even cause harm. Moreover, there is concern that unscrupulous individuals, eager to profit from people who are desperate for help, may charge high fees for coaching services that they are ill-equipped to provide.

Questions

18. The main purpose of the text is to -

- (1) recommend life coaching
- (2) discuss a new profession
- (3) compare several mental health professions
- (4) explain the goals of life coaching

19. The main purpose of the second paragraph is to show how life coaching can -

- (1) heal the wounds of the past
- (2) bring about positive change
- (3) be more effective than psychoanalysis
- (4) increase a person's self-confidence

20. It can be inferred from the second paragraph that Karen Underhill's life coach did not -

- (1) try to interpret her childhood experiences
- (2) help her to determine her strengths and weaknesses
- (3) encourage her to make a change in her life
- (4) discuss practical plans for her future
- **21.** It can be inferred that the professor mentioned in line 20 -
 - (1) was among the first life coaches
 - (2) gave up a career in medicine to become a life coach
 - (3) recognizes the importance of life coaching
 - (4) became a psychologist with the help of a life coach
- **22.** Which of the following criticisms of life coaching is <u>not</u> mentioned in the last paragraph?
 - (1) Not all life coaches have been properly trained.
 - (2) A coach may not realize that a client is ill.
 - (3) A coach may take advantage of a person's difficult situation.
 - (4) Life coaches focus mainly on career issues.